

## PrepLounge

# NUMERICAL REASONING 

Exercises \& Solutions

## Numerical Reasoning I

UK startups fundraising rounds ( $£^{\prime} \mathbf{m}$ )


| Share split at series C | Borrow My Budgie | Nightly AI | Healthy Brussells |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees | $\mathbf{1 , 2 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | 13,000 | 113,000 |
| Founders | $5,400,000$ | 10,000 | 400,000 |
| Investors | $11,400,000$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 5 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Valuation | $\mathbf{£ 2 0 m}$ | $\mathbf{£ 7 5 m}$ | $\mathbf{£ 3 2 m}$ |

1 Which companies employees stock options were the most valuable at series C?

2 Which companies founders stock options were the most valuable at series C?

3 To the nearest 10 m how much investment has Nightly Al raised in total?

4
If the current investors in Borrow my Budgie received no new shares at D, how much were they diluted by?

5
By what percentage did the amount raised increase for Borrow my Budgie from
series $D$ to $E$ ?

## Numerical Reasoning II



Global car market share

|  | 17 | $‘ 18$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tesla | $0.23 \%$ | $0.28 \%$ |
| Toyota | $9.46 \%$ | $9.36 \%$ |
| Ford | $5.83 \%$ | $5.88 \%$ |
| BMW | $1.72 \%$ | $1.81 \%$ |

Note: Tesla only produces fully electric vehicles

If Ford bought Tesla in 2018, by what percentage would their share of the overall market increase?

7 How many non-electric cars did Ford make in 2018?

8 Which companies electric car sales increased by the smallest percentage in 2018?

9
If Tesla collapsed tomorrow and their share of the market was distributed evenly between Ford, BMW, \& Toyota. How many electric cars would BMW now make?

10 What percentage of total car sales did fully electric vehicles make in 2017?

## Numerical Reasoning III

## Age breakdown of festival attendees

| Ticket type | $<20$ | $21-30$ | $31-40$ | $41-50$ | $50+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Early bird | 856 | 2120 | 1789 | 1701 | 1534 |
| Weekend | 1148 | 833 | 759 | 467 | 353 |
| 4 day | 359 | 2478 | 1488 | 1298 | 677 |
| 3 day | 662 | 785 | 799 | 432 | 172 |

## Ticket sales

| Ticket type | Price | \#tickets <br> available | \% sold |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Early bird | $165,00 £$ | 8,000 | $100 \%$ |
| Weekend | $105,00 £$ | 4,000 | $89 \%$ |
| 4 day | $180,00 £$ | 10,000 | $63 \%$ |
| 3 day | $150,00 £$ | 5,000 | $57 \%$ |

11 Assuming all those with tickets attended the festival. What was the total attendance?

12 What percentage of total ticket sales did the <20's purchases of early bird tickets make?

13 Which ticket type generated the least amount of revenue?

14 Which age bracket spent more on tickets, <20 or 50+?

If making tickets for 50+ free increased revenue of the other ticket sales by $8 \%$ would the festival make more or less revenue from ticket sales?

## Numerical Reasoning IV



Total market size 2018


Retail channel split 2018


Market share 2018


Big 4 Growth rates 2015-18

16 In percentage of total sales, which supermarket sells the most online?
$17 \quad$ Which of the biggest 4 supermarkets saw the highest growth in $2018 ?$

18 How much revenue did Aldi have from super stores?

19 What was Sainsbury's revenue in 2018.

In what year was Morrisons growth less than Tesco?

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## Numerical Reasoning I Answers

Borrow my Budgie $=£ 1.3 \mathrm{~m}$
1 Nightly AI = $\boldsymbol{£ 1 9 . 5 m}$
Healthy Brussels $=£ 4.64 \mathrm{~m}$

Borrow my Budgie $=£ 6 \mathrm{~m}$
2 Nightly AI =£15m
Healthy Brussels $=\boldsymbol{£ 1 6 . 4 5} \mathbf{m}$
$3 \quad 5+10+27+35+80=\boldsymbol{£ 1 5 7 m}=\boldsymbol{£} \mathbf{1 6 0 m}$ to the nearest $\boldsymbol{£ 1 0 m}$
$4 \quad 18$ million new shares takes total to 36 m .
18/36 = 50\% dilution
$5 \quad(30-20) / 20=\mathbf{5 0 \%}$

## Numerical Reasoning II Answers

## $6 \quad 0.28 / 5.88=4.76 \%$

```
    \(153,000=0.28 \%\)
\(7 \quad 153,000 / 0.0028=54,642,857\)
    Ford \(=5.88 \%\) of \(54,642,857=3,213,000\) cars in total
    \(3,213,000-30,000=\mathbf{3 , 1 8 3 , 0 0 0}\)
```

    Tesla \(=26.4 \%\)
    Toyota \(=\mathbf{2 5 \%}\)
    Ford \(=\) N/A
    BMW = 32\%
    \(9 \quad 153,000 / 3=51,000\)
    \(132,000+51,000=183,000\)
    \(121,000+140,000+100,000=361,000\)
    \(361,000 / 54,642,857=0.0066\)
    = 0.66\%
    
## Numerical Reasoning III Answers

$11(8000)+(4000 \times 0.89)+(10000 \times 0.63)+(5000 \times 0.57)=\mathbf{2 0 , 7 1 0}$
$12856 / 20710=0.0413=4.13 \%$

Early bird: $£ 165 \times 8000=£ 1,320,000$
Weekend: $£ 105 \times 3560=£ \mathbf{~ 3 7 3 , 8 0 0}$
4 day: $£ 180 \times 6300=£ 1,134,000$
3 day: $£ 150 \times 2850=£ 427,500$
<20: (856 $\times £ 165$ )+(1148 $\times £ 105)+(359 \times £ 180)+(662 \times £ 150)=$ £425,700

50+: (1534 $\times$ £165)+(353 $\times £ 105)+(677 \times £ 180)+(172 \times £ 150)=$ £437,835

Early bird: $(8000-1534) \times £ 165 \times 1.08=£ 1,152,241.2$
Weekend: $(3560-353) \times £ 105 \times 1.08=£ 363,673.8$
4 day: $(6300-677) \times £ 180 \times 1.08=£ 1,093,111.2$
153 day: $(2850-172) \times £ 150 \times 1.08=£ 433,836$

## Previous total = £3,255,300

New total = £3,042,862.2

## Numerical Reasoning IV Answers

## 16 Waitrose

17 Asda
$18 £ 218.5$ bn $\times 0.05=£ \mathbf{1 0 . 9 2 5 b n}$
$19 £ 218.5$ bn $\times 0.16=£ 34.96$ bn

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